Solution Brief

intel

Modular Single-Socket Reference Design for 4th Gen Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processor

This reference design (based on the 4th Gen Intel[®] Xeon[®] Scalable processor) is a modular and single socket hardware solution for all markets including Enterprise, Cloud, and Network Edge.



Executive Summary

The single-socket modular reference design is a new, innovative platform architecture created to meet the needs of a broad range of network edge, mainstream enterprise, and cloud markets. The flexible, modular platform can be configured for a wide variety of servers for the 4th Gen Intel® Xeon® Scalable processor, and future generations of processors. The reference design architecture combines new technology and open standards in a modular, flexible design, optimized for the 4th Gen Intel Xeon Scalable processor. The single-socket compute module is designed to support XCC, MCC, and EE SKU variants, addressing the wide variety of markets mentioned earlier.

PCIe^{*} cable connections provide flexibility in I/O or storage configurations. The architecture accommodates choices through standards: Open Compute Project (OCP) network adapters 3.0, for growing third-party board products, and provisioning for a pluggable BMC module for solution flexibility. In addition, the modular architecture will support the next generation Intel[®] Xeon[®] processors. Hence, engineering investment is greatly reduced while ROI increases because an ODM or OEM can offer multiple products over at least two CPU generations based on the same architecture.

The introduction of the single socket reference design offers operational efficiencies through I/O balance, simplified CPU pinning, and simpler workload orchestration. It is an excellent fit for a variety of workloads across different markets in Networking and Communications, Enterprise and Cloud, and Internet of Things. A small sample of use cases includes:

- Quick storage collection for video analytics
- Lightning-fast analytics in financial trading
- Efficient access to streaming video, and 5G core and optimized edge data processing in telecommunications.

The modular architecture provides TEMs, OEMs, and ODMs a product-ready design to bring any of these solutions to market.



This document is part of the <u>Network Transformation Experience Kits</u>.

Solution Description

The modular single-socket reference design is based on a single motherboard for 1U or 2U systems, both standard and short depth, and allows many I/O and storage configurations. Cabled PCIe*, growing in popularity, provides PCIe* flexibility for OEM servers and simplified and less expensive PCIe* Gen5 board routing. The operating system boots from the PCH to maximize CPU lane flexibility. Almost any type of storage is supported including HDD, U.2 and E.x drives. The BMC (Board Management Controller) provides server control, security, and management access. This design uses a modular BMC. This will accommodate DC-SCM v2.0 in future generations in alignment with those platforms.

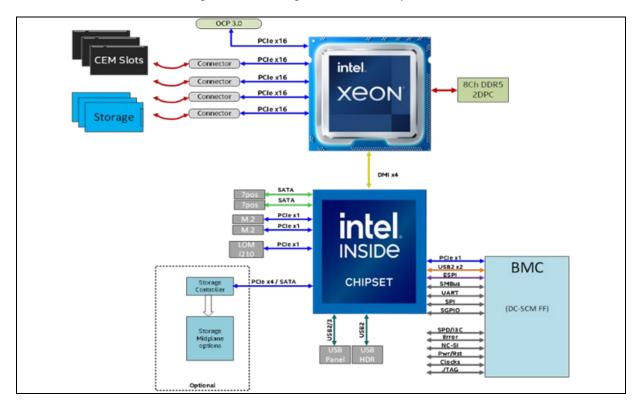


Figure 1. Modular Single-Socket Architecture

The motherboard is combined with modular system elements. An ODM or OEM may layout the elements based on component accessibility (i.e. front and/or rear in a rack), desired air flow, or other physical requirements.

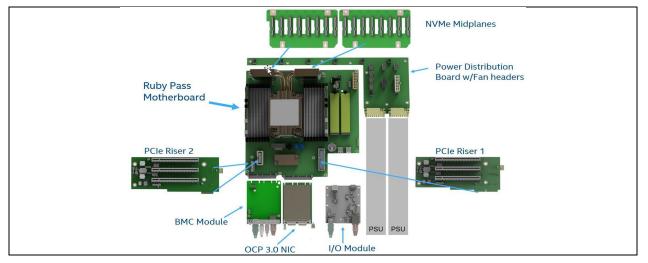


Figure 2. System Elements

The following examples are just four potential configurations based on the modular single-socket reference design. The system in Figure 3 supports 72 I/O lanes with 8 lanes of storage. Note, the 2U super set 3D concept represents all possible accessories in this 2U chassis and includes OCP modules, legacy I/O modules, full length, and ½ length PCIe* modules, etc.

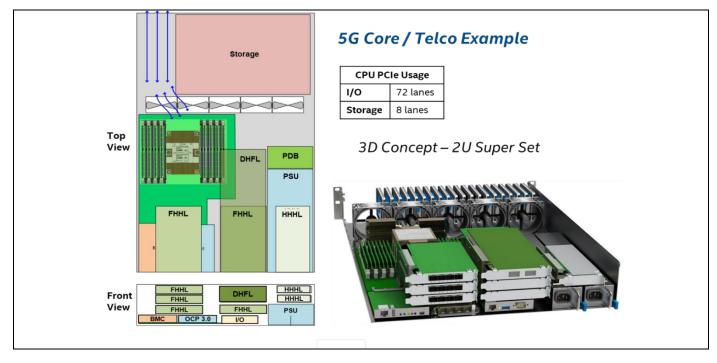




Figure 4 shows a 1U, standard depth balanced system with 32 PCIe* lanes for I/O. It also has 48 PCIe* lanes for storage, which is useful for a content delivery network server.

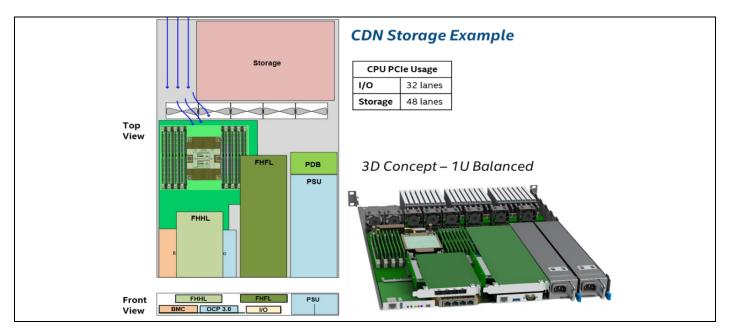


Figure 4. IU Standard Depth Storage Configuration

Short depth configurations (shown in <u>Figure 5</u> and <u>Figure 6</u>) pull the storage to the "front" for installation in servers typically located in telco remote edge access locations especially where space is a premium.

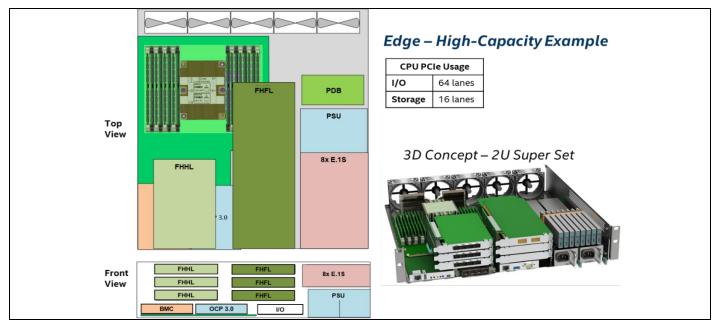
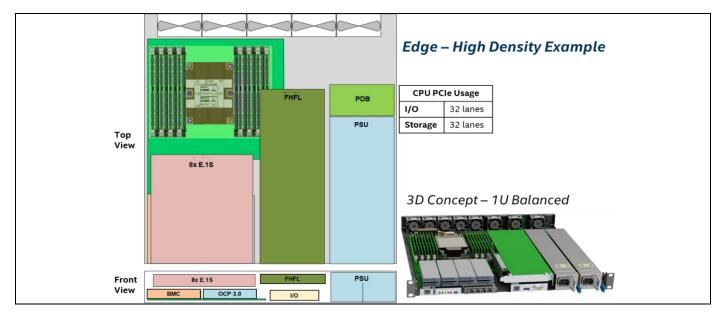


Figure 5. 2U Short Depth – I/O Priority





Technologies Implemented

Combining new technology and open standards in its modular, flexible design, this modular single-socket architecture is optimized for the 4th Gen Intel Xeon Scalable processor. The compute module is designed with a broad range of features that support XCC, MCC, and EE SKU variants.

The reference design features are detailed in the Table 1:

Table 1. Features of the modular single-socket reference design

Feature	Description			
CPU	IS 4th Gen Intel Xeon Scalable processor SP–XCC, MCC (any non-HBM SKU) Up to 350W TDP on 2U systems Up to 240W TDP on 1U systems 			
РСН	Emmitsburg			
Form Factor / Dimension (Board)	~]]″ X ~]]″			
Memory	16x DDR5 DIMMs, 4800MT/s (8 channels, 2DPC), VRoD Optane Persistent Memory			
DMI	Gen3 x4 (4GT/s)			
LOM	Intel® i210			
PCIe* Generation / Lanes	PCle* Gen5, 80 lanes 64 lanes provided through cabled connections			
Rear PCIe* Risers	Two SFF-TA-1016 x 16 PCIe* Gen5			
Front Drive Cable Connectors	Two (x16)/Four (x8) SFF-TA-1016 PCIe* Gen5			
Front Storage Devices	8x U.2 NVMe drive slots			
On-board SATA Ports	Minimum 4			
OCP Network Adapters	One OCP network adapters 3.0 with a x16 G5 connection			
M.2 Boot Drives	Dual Gen3 PCIe* x4			
BMC	AST2600			
Firmware Security (RoT)	Intel [®] PFR			
Host USB Connection	One Front 3.0 / One Rear 3.0			
ТРМ	Plug-in 2.0 Module			
Rear Serial Console	Type B USB			
Video Port	Front and rear connectors			

4th Gen Intel Xeon Scalable processors offer new integrated features for security, improved acceleration and performance, and next generation memory support. These features include:

Table 2. Features of 4th Gen Intel Xeon Scalable processors

Feature	Description
АМХ	Built-in AI Acceleration engine for improved performance in deep learning inference and training
	Target workloads and usages:
	Image recognition
	Recommendation systems
	Machine/language translation
	Reinforcement learning
	Natural language processing (NLP)
	Media processing and delivery
	Media analytics
	New integrated IP to increase throughput with efficient load balancing across multiple cores
	Target workloads/Usages:
	IPSec security gateway
DLB	VPP router
DLB	UPF
	vSwitch
	Streaming to data processing
	Elephant flow handling
DSA	New integrated IP to accelerate applications reliant on data movement
	Target workloads/usages:
	Virtualization: VM fast-checkpoint analysis
	Network: vSwitch network vitalization

Feature	Description				
	Storage: fast replication across non-transparent bridge				
	Application usage examples: messaging, ERP, In-				
	Memory Databases, Analytics				
	New integrated IP to accelerate applications reliant on data improvement				
	Target workloads/usages:				
	Commercial in-memory databases				
IAX	Columnar Formats Big Data Analytics, Apache Parquet,				
17.07	Apache ORC				
	Open-Source in-memory database/data stores,				
	RocksDB, Redis, Cassandra, MySQL, PostfreSQL,				
	MongoDB, Memached and more				
	Integrate IP to accelerate cryptography and data (de) compression				
	Target workloads/usages:				
	Distributes storage systems (Ceph)				
	File systems (BTRFS, ZFS)				
OAT	MSFT Azure Cosmos DB				
QAT	RocksDB				
	 Data lakes Apache spark, Hadoop 				
	RDBMS				
	http compression				
	Memory infrastructure optimization				
	Trusted execution environment for increased protection of confidential data				
	Target workloads/usages:				
	Multi-party compute				
	Blockchain				
COV	Trusted multi-party compute				
SGX	Federated learning/Secure analytics				
	Secure native application hosting				
	Secure database				
	Key management				
	Secure networking				
	Improve accelerator performance via memory coherency and direct accelerator memory access				
	Target workloads/usages:				
CXL 1.1.	Accelerator Attach:				
	 Type 2 CXL device (.io, .mem, .cache - accelerator w/ private memory) 				
	 Type 1 CXL device (.io, .cache - accelerator w/o private memory) 				
Intel®	Enables larger capacities and performance improvements				
Optane	Target workload/usages:				
Persistent	Hybrid cloud, laaS, and Virtualization				
Memory	 Fast storage solutions Al/Analytics, Machine Learning Analytics 				
300 Series	 IMDB and data analytics services 				
Next-gen IO					
Integrated	Increased IO bandwidth and support for coherent interface with Compute Express Link v1.1				
PCle [*] 5.0	moreused to summittend support for concrementate with compute Express Enry via				
DDR5	Next generation memory support with higher speeds and increased memory bandwidth for memory intensive workloads				
2010	test generation and poly of the might spectra and not cased memory buildwidther memory intensive workloads				

Edge workloads, like those listed in the <u>Table 3</u>, take advantage of the 4th Gen Intel Xeon Scalable processor's integrated features and the modular single-socket design, making it ideal for many current Reference architectures and Intel[®] Select Solutions.

Table 3. Edge Workloads Supported

Workload	PCIe AIC 0	PCIe AIC 1	OCP AIC	Memory	Optane Persistent Memory	Storage NVMe	Boot Storage	LOM LAN on Motherboard	QAT Required
5G Core	E810-2CQDA2	Not Used	E810-CQDA2	256GB – 32GB/Ch	512GB	Not Used	2 x 480GB SSD	1G or 10G -> 25G	No
vRAN - centralized virtualized DU	E810-2CQDA2	vRAN ACC100	E810-CQDA2	128GB – 16GB/Ch	Not Used	Not Used	2 x 480GB SSD	1G or 10G	No
vRAN - CU	E810-2CQDA2	Not used	E810-CQDA2	128GB-16GB/Ch	Not Used	Not Used	2 x 480GB SSD	10G	Recommended
vBNG	E810-2CQDA2	Not Used	E810-CQDA2	256GB-32GB/Ch	Not Used	2x 8TB NVMe	2 x 480GB SSD	1G or 10G	No
CDN	E810-2CQDA2	Not Used	E810-CQDA2	256GB-32GB/Ch	1.5TB	8x 16TB NVMe	2 x 480GB SSD	1G or 10G	Yes
MEC	E810-2CQDA2	vRAN ACC100	E810-CQDA2	256GB-32GB/Ch	Not Used	4x 2TB or Greater	2 x 480GB SSD	1G or 10G	Yes
SASE	E810-2CQDA2	Not Used	Not Used	256GB – 32GB/Ch	Not Used	Not Used	1 x 480GB SSD	1G or 10G	Yes
SD-WAN	E810-2CQDA2	Not Used	Not Used	128GB - 16GB/Ch	Not Used	Not Used	1 x 480GB SSD	1G or 10G	Yes
OSS/BSS	E810-2CQDA2	Not Used	E810-CQDA2	256GB-32GB/CH	Not Used	2x 8TB or greater	2 x 480GB SSD	1G or 10G	No
Open Cloud	Not Used	Not Used	E810-CQDA2	256GB-32GB/CH	Not Used	4x 2TB or greater	1x 480GB SSD	1G or 10G	Recommended
AI	Not Used	Not Used	E810-CQDA2	256GB-32GB/CH	512GB	1x 1.6TB NVMe	1x 480GB SSD	1G or 10G	Recommended
Media Analytics	Not Used	Not Used	E810-CQDA2	512GB-64GB/CH	Not Used	4x 4TB or greater	2 x 480GB SSD	1G or 10G	Yes

Benefits of Solution

Single-socket solutions have become increasingly prevalent in the past few years, with companies embracing the benefits of these solutions. For example, Lenovo*, HPE, Dell, and Supermicro* offer one socket platforms for enterprise and network servers.

The use of single socket offers the following benefits:

- Operational efficiencies through I/O balance and guaranteed NUMA affinity
- Simplified CPU pinning, workload placement, no stranded capacity, and efficient vCPU allocation
- Simpler workload orchestration
- Efficient space, TDP, and thermals especially at the edge
- Deployment consistency and simplicity
- Single socket delivers a performance/watt advantage when compared to 2S
- Optimized single-socket solutions allow cost savings of approximately \$150 per board design versus two-socket with one CPU de-populated

Furthermore, this modular architecture allows customers to reduce development costs over multiple generations, as the same, or very similar, compute modules can be deployed across a variety of server product lines.

Use Case Examples

The single-socket server has a broad range of uses across markets. For example, in networking and communications, it can be used for Edge, Telco cloud, data forwarding, data routing, 5G RAN and 5G Core.

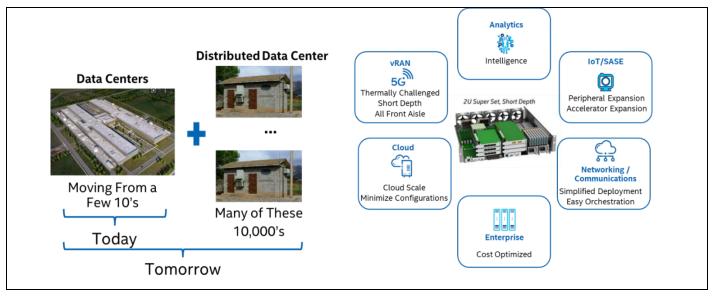
In addition, across the cloud and enterprise markets, the architecture can be implemented in IT Infrastructure/IaaS, value/mainstream digital services for next wave CSPs/FSIs etc., and general purpose/compute virtualization. Other use case examples include medical imaging, edge-based video analytics, and retail store analytics for the Internet of Things market.

Table 4. Single Socket: Target Market Segments and Application Examples

Markets	Applications			
Networking and Communications	Edge (analytics, security, storage, CDN)			
	Telecommunications company cloud			
	Data forwarding			
	Data routing			
	• 5G RAN			
	5G Core			
Cloud and Enterprise	IT Infrastructure / IaaS			
	Digital services for next wave SPs,			
	• FSI			
	General Purpose Compute			
	• Edge			
Internet of Things	Medical imaging			
	Edge-based video analytics			
	Retail store analytics			

Single socket optimized designs are ideal for next generation Edge Reference Architectures. Today, there are tens of centralized data centers with a large number of servers. However, in the edge evolution, the world is shifting to distributed data centers combined with a centralized infrastructure to improve latency, and application locality (that is, closer content distribution).

A single-socket, 2U short depth configuration can address many applications. The 5G vRAN servers are thermally challenged and require short depth systems with front access. With this design, multiple cloud workloads can be addressed. For the enterprise, this cost-optimized system lets additional systems be easily added to a rack in "pay as you grow" scenarios. Networking and communications require simplified deployment and easy orchestration. Easy peripheral and accelerator expansion was also a design goal for IOT and SASE locations. With the newest AMX integrated instructions in the 4th Gen Intel Xeon Scalable processor for machine learning and analysis, edge servers can enhance applications with AI.





Summary

A modular single-socket reference design allows customers to reduce development costs over multiple generations. The same or very similar compute modules can be deployed across a variety of server product lines. Future-proof, the same design can be re-used with the next Intel Xeon processor family by simply replacing the motherboard. This means that Intel's ODMs' and OEMs' initial investments in overall system design are good for several years, significantly increasing ROI from a "one and done" product.

Intel is delivering a boost to accelerate one socket designs across all Intel's target markets. This design is that vehicle – a modular, flexible, standards-based reference design providing a head-start to productize one socket solution for 4th Gen Intel Xeon Scalable processors and next generation Intel Xeon processors.

The modular single-socket system was designed in collaboration with Jabil. Contact <u>Jabil</u> for information on related products.

The <u>Reference Design</u> (including schematics and board layout files) is available on the Intel[®] Resource Design Center (Reference ID: 648338).

Terminology

Table 5. Terminology

Abbreviation	Description
CPU	Central processing unit
BMC	Board Management Controller
DC-SCM	Datacenter-ready Secure Control Module
MCC/HCC	High Core Count
OCP	Open Compute Project
ODM	Original Design Manufacturing
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacturing
ROI	Return on Investment
XCC	Extreme Core Count

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